MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTME BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATE	NT OF HEALTH 2015 MAY 26 AM 8:5!
CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 201 Lewishing Water USSOCiation   Public Water Supply Nan	Lewisburg Water Ingram Mill North
OMOON + OMOO + O	ms included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Communit Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Dependence of the CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures where we will be a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all be a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH.	y public water eyetem to develop and distribute a
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach co	
Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of \$\int \text{On water bills (attach copy of bill)} \( \frac{5}{\psi} \frac{15}{15} \)  \[ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	f advertisement) 5/13/15  o the address below)  miation(nm - 4/32/15
Date(s) customers were informed:/,	/ , / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct methods used	delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed://	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)  As a URL (Provide URL  As an attachment  As text within the body of the email message	
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of publish	•
Name of Newspaper: Desoto Times Tribu	ne
Date Published: 5 / 12 / 15	
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: 4 122/15
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following	owing address ( <u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u> ):
http:// lewisburg water association.com	)
CERTIFICATION  I hereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) public water system in the form and manner identified above and the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.  Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	that I used distribution methods allowed by CCR is true and correct and is consistent with
Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	May be faxed to: (601)576-7800  May be emailed to: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

THEE-WATER SUPPLY

2015 MAY 26 AM 8:5!

## 2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Lewisburg Water Association/Lewisburg-Ingram Mill North PWS#: 0170011 & 0170049 April 2015

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Sparta Sand & Winona Tallahassie/Winona Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Lewisburg Water Association have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Barry Caldwell at 662.895.6022. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the annual meeting scheduled for Thursday November 11, 2015 at 6:00 PM at the Lewisburg Water Office located at 2787 HWY 305, Olive Branch.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminar is that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2014, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from unban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking v ater, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following defir itions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Nicrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#	0170011			TEST RESUI	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

N	2014	.0157	.01470157	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
		1.5	.7 – 1.5	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
		.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
		.981	.929981	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
		1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
N	2014	.37	.2937	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
	N N N N N N N	N 2014  N 2011/13*  N 2014  N 2011/13*	N 2014 1.5  N 2011/13* .1  N 2014 .981  N 2011/13* 1	N 2014 1.5 .7 – 1.5  N 2011/13* .1 0  N 2014 .981 .929981  N 2011/13* 1 0	N 2014 1.5 .7 - 1.5 ppb  N 2011/13* .1 0 ppm  N 2014 .981 .929981 ppm  N 2011/13* 1 0 ppb	N 2014 1.5 .7 – 1.5 ppb 100  N 2011/13* .1 0 ppm 1.3  N 2014 .981 .929981 ppm 4  N 2011/13* 1 0 ppb 0	N 2014 1.5 .7 - 1.5 ppb 100 100  N 2011/13* .1 0 ppm 1.3 AL=1.3  N 2014 .981 .929981 ppm 4  N 2011/13* 1 0 ppb 0 AL=15

PWS ID#	0170049	)		TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant .	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2014	.0091	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2014	9.34	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Volatile Or	ganic C	ontamir	ants					
76. Xylenes	N	2014	.001	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfection	n By-Pro	oducts						
81. <b>HAA</b> 5	N	2014	.9	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2014	2.96	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2014	1.1	1 – 1.35	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample. No sample required for 2014.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the LEWISBURG WATER ASSOCIATION is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 8. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 71%.

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the LEWISBURG -INGRAMS MILL NORTH is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year in which average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 12. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.7-1.3 ppm was 100%.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other inicrobiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Lewisburg Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

CCR was posted in outside bulletin and lobby of water office located at 2787 Hwy 305 on 4/22/2015

### LEWISBURG WATER ASSOCIATION P.O. BOX 1309 OLIVE BRANCH, MS 38654 662-895-6022

# WATER BILL

PLEASE RETURN THIS TOP PORTION WITH YOUR PAYMENT. WHEN PAYING IN PERSON, PLEASE BRING BOTH PORTIONS OF BILL WITH YOU.

ACC	I TNUC
400246	Ē.
BILL DATE	DUE DATE
04/29/15	05/20/15
PAY BY DUE DATE	PAY AFTER DUE DATE
30.56	33.42

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2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report is now available at the water office, online at lewisburgwaterassociation.com, or it will run in DeSoto Times Tribune on May 12. Copies will not be mailed unless requested by calling 662-895-6022

ARLENE LEBLANC 845 Box Corner Rc Byhalia, MS 38611-7235

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LEWISBURG WATER ASSOCIATION P.O. BOX 1309 OLIVE BRANCH, MS 38654 662-895-6022

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BILL DATE	DUE DATE
04/29/15	05/20/15
	PAY AFTER DUE DATE
16.23	17.65

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EDNA THREATT 1341 CRAFT RD S HERNANDO, MS 386:2Copy Lewisburg

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AFFP 7015HAY 26 AM 8: 51 PN: Water Quality Report

## **Affidavit of Publication**

DESOTO TIMES-TRIBUNE STATE OF MS } COUNTY OF DESOTO }

Diane Smith, being duly sworn, says:

That she is a Clerk of the DESOTO TIMES-TRIBUNE, a newspaper of general circulation in said county, published in Hernando, DeSoto County, Ms; that the publication, a copy of which is printed hereon, was published in the said newspaper on the following dates:

May 12, 2015

That said newspaper was regularly issued and circulated

and sworn to me this 12th day of May 2015.

My commission expires: October 01, 2017

00002349 00036533

Terry Lewisburg Water Associat P.O. Box 1309 Olive Branch, MS 38654



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PWS ID#	0170011			TEST RESUL	TS			
Conteminant	Violation V/N	Onte Collected	Level Datected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contemhedon
Inorganic	Contam	inants				100		
10. Barlum	N	2014	.0157	01470167	ppm	2	2.	Dischurge of drilling westes; discharge from motal refineries; arcelon of natural deposits
13 Clyomkim	N	2014	1.6	7=1.5	ppb	100	100	Discrurge from steel and pulp mile; erosion of natural deposits
14 Copper	N	2011/13*	1	0	ppm	1.5	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; proson of natural deposits; braiching from wood prospersionalisms.
16, Pluoride	N	2014	.981	929 - 981	ppm	*		Erristors of natural deposits; water injulitive which promotes strong tests; discharge from feitlicher and skimmum factorite.
17. Leed	N	2011/13*	1	0	ppb	0	AL-18	Corresion of household plumbing systems, proston of natural deposits
19, Nilirato (#4 Niliragen)	N	2014	.07	2937	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fartilizor use: leaching from sapilo tanks, sewage: erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection		oducts	- 14	-1.1 I mg/		o t Mi	RL V4 IV	Valor additive used to control
CNorte	1"1	CSTYNES N		and the second second		1	i e	nlorobas
PWS ID #	017004	•		TEST RESU	LTS			
Contaminant	Violation		Level Datected	Renge of Delects or © of Samples Exceeding MCU/ACL	Unk Measura -ment	e MCr	MCL	Likely Source of Contemination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barlum	N N	2014	.0091	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refinales; erosion of natural deposits.
16, Plusida	N	2014	9,34	Na Range	pprit	•	•	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer an atuminum factories
		2012*	4	0	ppb	0	ALM15	Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural

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Disinfection By-Products
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Some people may be more vanorable to contaminants in drinking weier than the general population, immuni-such as process with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergrown organ transporters, process minutes system of the organization of the person of the person of the first from refedence and defixing water from their health; care providers, EPAIDO and the person of the learning of the person of the learning or the person of the pe

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